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swMenuPro



USERS MANUAL

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Created By:

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swMenuPro4.2+ for Joomla/Mambo
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What is swMenuPro?

swMenuPro is a complete menu module management system that integrates into Joomla/Mambo open source content management systems.

To accomplish this swMenuPro comes in two parts. A component, which is accessed through the Joomla/Mambo administration and a module that may appear multiple times within any Joomla/Mambo page.

The component gives you the ability to easily create and manage an unlimited number of menu modules. Each menu module can be any of 7 completely independently configurable menu systems.

- **Trans Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu with a nice sliding effect. Vertically aligned submenus slide out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers and to search engines.
- **MyGosu Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu with lots of options. Vertically aligned submenus pop out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **Tigra Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu. Fully JavaScript. Vertically aligned submenus pop out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items.
- **Dynamic Click Menu** – A Vertical DHTML Click Menu. Submenus open beneath parent top menu items and retain active status whilst navigating pages. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **Dynamic Tab Menu** – A Horizontal Tab menu with horizontal DHTML sub menus. Sub menus open automatically on mouse over of top menu items. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **CSS Tab Menu** – A horizontal CSS based tab menu. No JavaScript with active tab. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **Tree Menu** – A DHTML Tree menu. Traditional folder-document menu.

Every aspect of every menu module can be configured using the built in automatic style sheet and manual style sheet editors. Images and roll over images can be assigned for any menu item in 6 of the menu systems as well as replacing the item names for creating purely graphical menu modules.

Different menu sources can be assigned to any menu module. The new built in dynamic menu creation and editing facility, **swMenuMaker**, makes it easy to automatically create and edit Joomla/Mambo menu structures using existing content and menu items.

swMenuPro is designed to give you all the tools you need to effectively create and integrate great looking functional navigation systems into the Joomla/Mambo CMS fast.

Installation

Two zip files need to be installed into the Joomla/Mambo CMS in order for swMenuPro to operate.

com_swmenupro4.#.zip this is the install file for the component.

mod_swmenupro4.#.zip this is the install file for the module.

(Note: # can be any number between 0-9 and denotes incremental updates)

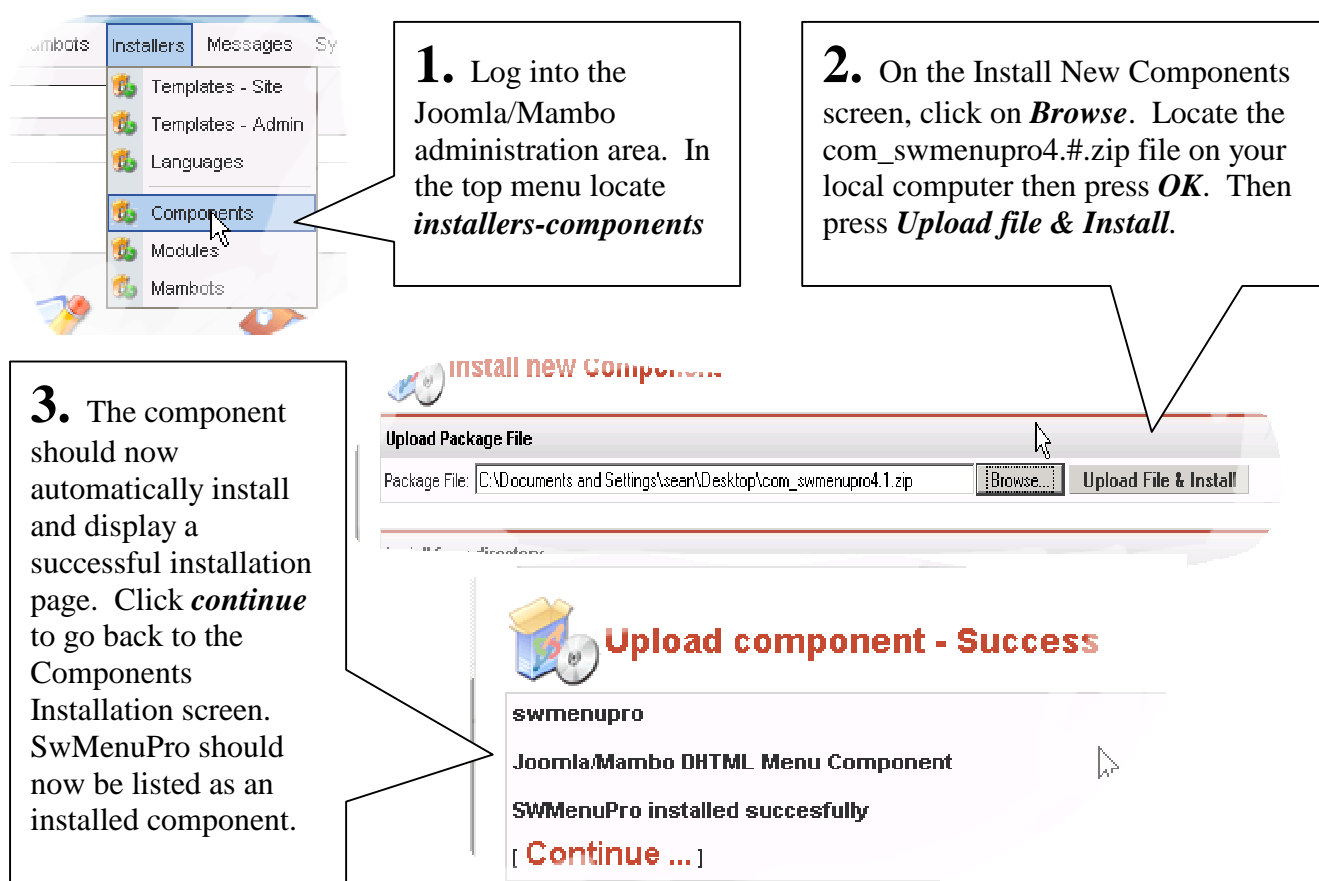
Module and component numbers may not always match. Module and component files will always work together though if they have the same number before the decimal point.

Eg. mod_swmenupro4.2.zip file would still work with com_swmenupro4.0.zip file.

However mod_swmenupro4.1.zip file would not work with com_swmenupro3.0.zip file.

If you have trouble installing the module or component then please see the installation troubleshooting section.

New Component Installation:



1. Log into the Joomla/Mambo administration area. In the top menu locate **installers-components**

2. On the Install New Components screen, click on **Browse**. Locate the com_swmenupro4.#.zip file on your local computer then press **OK**. Then press **Upload file & Install**.

3. The component should now automatically install and display a successful installation page. Click **continue** to go back to the Components Installation screen. SwMenuPro should now be listed as an installed component.

Upload component - Success

swmenupro
Joomla/Mambo DHTML Menu Component
SWMenuPro installed succesfully
[Continue ...]

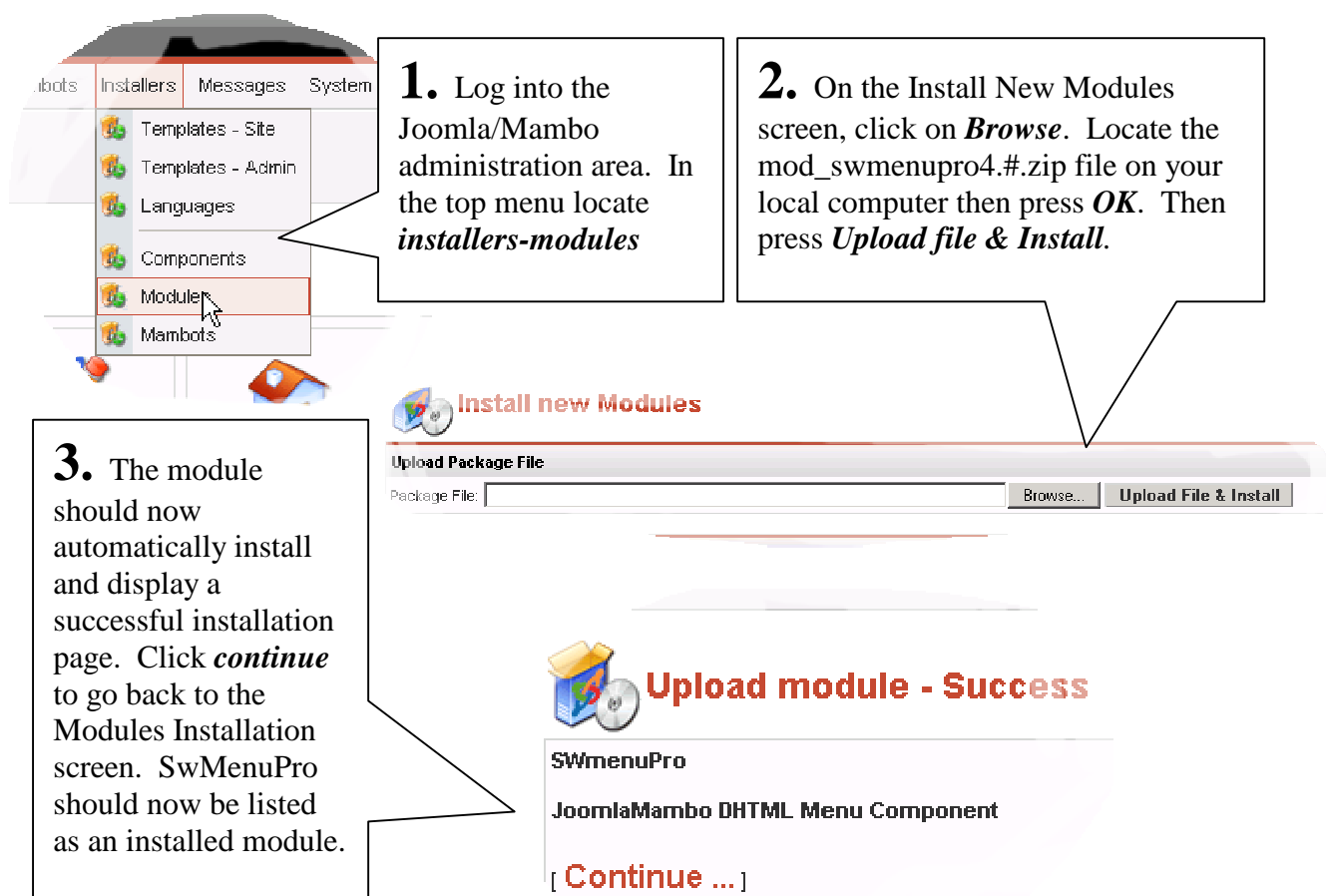
Upgrade Existing Component Installation:

Unzip the com_swmenupro4.#.zip file and upload all contents using FTP SSH or another means to the

/administrator/components/com_swmenupro

folder overwriting all existing files. Any swMenuPro component can be upgraded or downgraded this way without loss of any menu settings.

New Module Installation:



1. Log into the Joomla/Mambo administration area. In the top menu locate **installers-modules**

2. On the Install New Modules screen, click on **Browse**. Locate the mod_swmenupro4.#.zip file on your local computer then press **OK**. Then press **Upload file & Install**.

3. The module should now automatically install and display a successful installation page. Click **continue** to go back to the Modules Installation screen. SwMenuPro should now be listed as an installed module.

Install new Modules

Upload Package File

Package File:

Upload module - Success

SWmenuPro

JoomlaMambo DHTML Menu Component

[**Continue ...**]

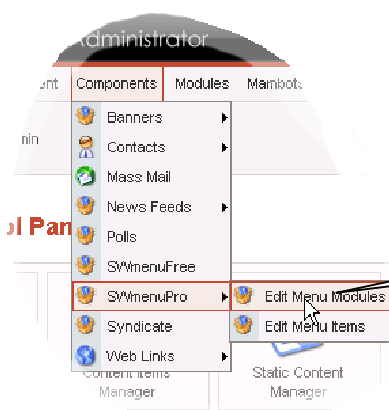
Upgrade Existing Module Installation:

Unzip the mod_swmenupro4.#.zip file and upload all contents using FTP SSH or another means to the

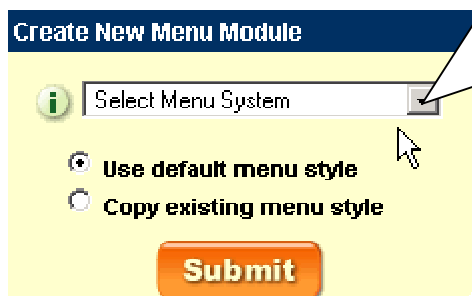
/modules

folder overwriting all existing files. Any swMenuPro module can be upgraded or downgraded this way without loss of any menu settings.


Getting Started

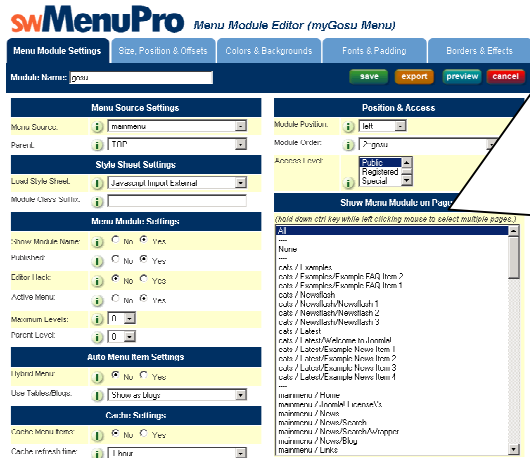


1. To get started go to *Components->SwmenuPro->Edit Menu Modules* in the Joomla/Mambo admin to open the **SwmenuPro Menu Module Manager**.



2. You'll need to create a new menu module straight away so Go to the *Create New Menu Module* facility in the right side and choose one of the 7 menu systems from the drop down list. Then click *submit*.

Clicking the  will open a pop-up window with brief explanations of the currently available menu systems. Further information on different menu systems is also available in this manual.



3. Use the **Menu Module Editor** to change all styles and properties of your menu module.

Use the preview button to view your menu module as you make changes. Give the menu module a name and publish it in a valid module position.

Click *Save* or *Export* to save your menu module and return to the menu module manager.

The **Menu Module Editor** is discussed in much greater detail further in the manual.



4. Create and edit as many menu modules as you like. Then manage them all from here – the **swMenuPro Menu Module Manager**.

The **Menu Module Manager** is discussed in much greater detail further in the manual.

Menu Systems - Overview

- **Trans Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu with a nice sliding effect. Vertically aligned submenus slide out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers and to all search engines.
- **MyGosu Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu with lots of options. Vertically aligned submenus pop out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **Tigra Menu** – A DHTML pop-out menu. Fully JavaScript. Vertically aligned submenus pop out of Vertical or Horizontally aligned top menu items.
- **Dynamic Click Menu** – A Vertical DHTML Click Menu. Submenus open beneath parent top menu items and retain active status whilst navigating pages. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
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- **CSS Tab Menu** – A horizontal CSS based tab menu. No JavaScript with active tab. Top menu is visible in non-JavaScript browsers. Top and sub menus are visible to all search engines.
- **Tree Menu** - A DHTML Tree menu. Traditional folder-document menu.

Main Feature Differences Between Menu Systems.

	Trans Menu	MyGosu Menu	Tigra Menu	Click Menu	Tree Menu	CSS Tab Menu	Dynamic Tab Menu
Active Menu	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes
Position	Relative Left Centre Right	Relative Left Centre Right	Relative Absolute	Relative	Relative	Relative Left Centre Right	Relative Left Centre Right
Top Menu Orientation	Horizontal Vertical	Horizontal Vertical	Horizontal Vertical	Vertical	Vertical	Horizontal	Horizontal
Sub Menu Orientation	Vertical	Vertical	Vertical	Vertical	Vertical	Horizontal	Horizontal
Auto Height	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✗ No	✗ No	✓ Yes	✗ No	✗ No
Auto Width	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✗ No	✗ No	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes
Top menu written as	HTML	HTML	JavaScript	HTML	JavaScript	HTML	HTML
Sub menu written as	JavaScript	HTML	JavaScript	HTML	JavaScript	HTML	HTML
Custom Images	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	✗ No	✓ Yes

Menu Module Editor

The Menu Module Editor is where you can change your menu module settings and basic styles. It is opened when clicking on a menu module name or an edit button in the *Menu Module Manager*. The *Menu Module Editor* is actually different for each menu system to reflect the different style settings and features of the different menu systems.

SWMenuPro Menu Module Editor (myGosu Menu)

Menu Module Settings | Size, Position & Offsets | Colors & Backgrounds | Fonts & Padding | Borders & Effects

Module Name: save export preview cancel

Menu Source Settings

Menu Source: Parent:

Style Sheet Settings

Load Style Sheet: Module Class Suffix:

Menu Module Settings

Show Module Name: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Published: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Editor Hack: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Active Menu: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Maximum Levels: Parent Level:

Auto Menu Item Settings

Hybrid Menu: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Use Tables/Blogs:

Cache Settings

Cache Menu Items: ☐ No ☒ Yes
 Cache refresh time:

Position & Access

Module Position: Module Order:

Navigate the Menu Module editor using these dynamic tabs to open the various editing pages.

Module settings are located here on the first open page of the Menu Module Editor. Hovering over opens a small window with additional information relative to that setting.

(hold down ctrl key while left clicking mouse to select multiple pages.)

- None
- cats / Examples
- cats / Examples/Example FAQ Item 2
- cats / Examples/Example FAQ Item 1
- cats / Newsflash
- Newsflash/Newsflash 1
- Newsflash/Newsflash 2
- Newsflash/Newsflash 3

save

Click **save** to save changes to the menu module and style changes to the database. **do not write** an external CSS file.

export

Click **export** to save changes to the menu module and style changes to the database. **do write** an external CSS file. This will overwrite any previously exported CSS file for this menu module with the current database style settings set on this form.

preview

Click **preview** to open a popup window showing a live preview of the menu module using the current settings on this form.



cancel

Click **cancel** to close the Menu Module Editor and return to the Menu Module Manager screen without saving changes.

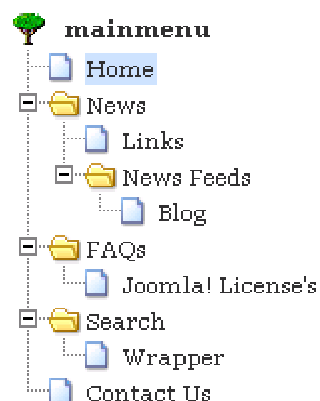
Menu Module Editor – Menu Module Settings Page

The first page of the *Menu Module Editor* controls menu module settings. This page is common to all menu systems and is where the main settings for displaying any menu module can be changed. Below is a detailed account of the menu module settings.

Menu Source Settings:

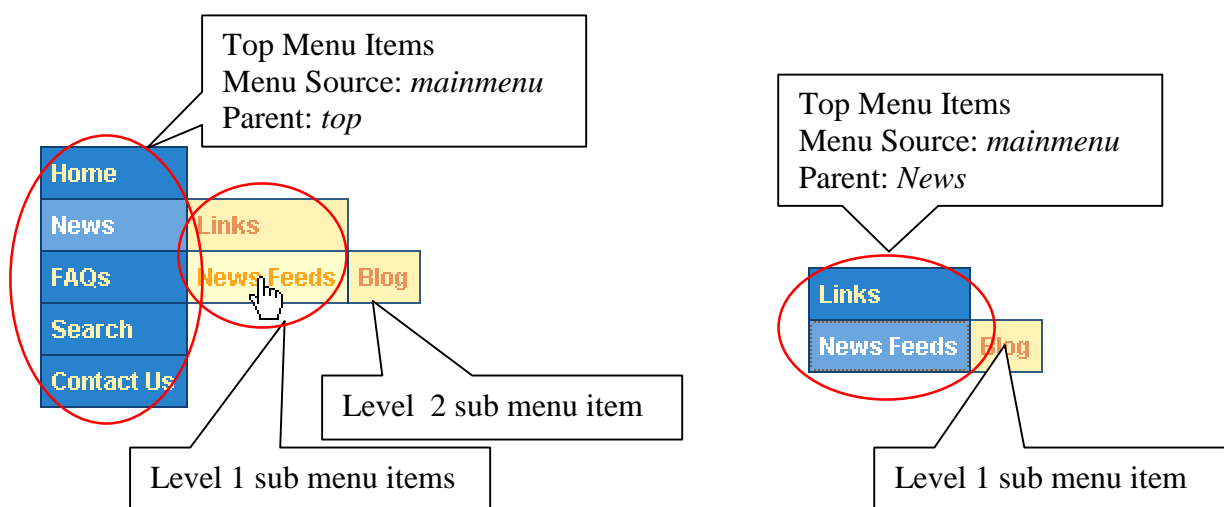
Menu Source Settings	
Menu Source:	 Use Content Only
Parent:	 News

Menu Source: Your menu module needs a source to retrieve the menu items from. These are the menu items that have previously been created using the *swMenuPro Dynamic Menu Maker* or the standard Joomla/Mambo menu manager. Select an existing menu or “Use Content Only” for a content only menu explained in more detail below.

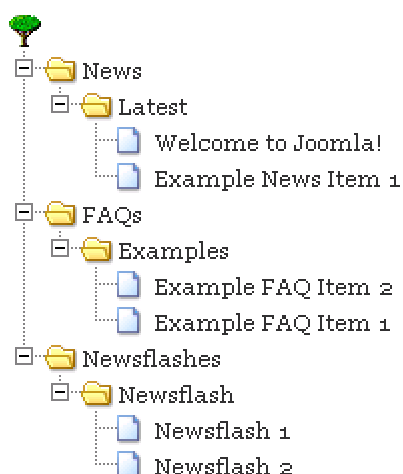


Parent: Menu items with a parent of top are top menu items. The example menu on the right shows the menu items *Home*, *News*, *FAQs*, *Search*, and *Contact Us* as being top menu items. These items are at the top of the menu tree. All other items are submenu items. *Links* and *News Feeds* are level 1 submenu items with a parent of *News*, and *Blog* is a level 2 submenu item with a parent of *News Feeds*. swMenuPro will let you define a parent menu item to use. This will change the top menu items to one of the submenus. This can be useful when you have a very large menu and just want to display specific sections of that menu on specific pages. Diagram below shows the result of using a parent value with the sample menu source shown.

Example Menu Source



This diagram shows the effect of using a parent other than top to display a menu module.

Content Only Menu:**Example Content Only Menu Source**

Top Menu (content sections)	Level 1 Sub Menu (content categories)	Level 2 Sub Menu (content items)
News	Latest	Welcome to Joomla! Example News Item 1
FAQs	Examples	Example FAQ Item 2 Example FAQ Item 1
Newsflashes	Newsflash	Newsflash 1 Newsflash 2

Structure of example content items in a content only menu

It is also possible to create a content only menu (*select use “content only” as the menu source*). This menu source creates itself dynamically from content items stored in the database. The menu will also update itself automatically when new content is added to a category. Basic structure of a content only menu is shown below.

Once again you can change the parent to just show a specific part of the content menu tree.

Top menu items are the content sections.

Level 1 submenus are the relevant content categories for each section.

Level 2 submenus are the content items for the relevant categories.

Content needs to be published and have a valid date to be displayed in this menu.

Content menu items are generated each time the menu is drawn, there is no reference to them in the Joomla/Mambo menu manager, so it is not possible to adjust all the parameters you normally could with menu items of this type.



You can specify however if you want the automatically generated section and category items to be displayed as tables or blogs by selecting this under the *Auto Menu Item Settings* section on the *Menu Module Settings* page(current page).

A blog shows a summary of the all the content items in that section or category by displaying the initial part of each content item on the page and providing a link to the page which gives the whole story.

When displayed as a table, a table of just the content item titles is shown which each link to the full story. You can also disable these section and category items in the swMenuPro Image Editor so that they just act as placeholders to eventually pop-out the content item links.

It is recommended that you also use the cache feature for the menu module if the menu source is a content only menu.

Style Sheet Settings:

Style Sheet Settings	
Load Style Sheet:	 Javascript Import External
Module Class Suffix:	 <input type="text"/>

There are currently 4 different ways that swMenuPro can handle the styles for each menu module each with there own advantages and disadvantages. These are detailed below.

Dynamic: This loads the style sheet from the stored database settings and places it directly into the page where the menu module is called. If you view the output HTML source from a page with a menu module published with this setting you will see the style sheet in the actual page.

Advantages: swMenuPro includes a browser detection script which fixes some issues with width and padding values being handled differently between browsers, this only applies to a few of the menu systems. A style sheet loaded this way will be automatically adjusted to suit the users browser. It is possible to tweak the CSS though to fix this if using one of the other CSS style loading methods. Top menu items will also display correctly in non-JavaScript browsers when using any of the menu systems apart from the Tigma and Tree menus which are written purely as JavaScript.

Disadvantages: Menu will not validate as <style> tag is within the document body. Can also make the output HTML source look a bit messy.

Link External: This loads the style sheet by linking to an external CSS file. You need to have exported the menu module for this option to work. If you view the output HTML source from a page with a menu module published with this setting you will see a link to the style sheet in the page.

eg.

```
<link href="http://yoursite.com/modules/mod_swmenupro/styles/menu#.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" />
```

Advantages: You can now fine tune the menu or add new features by manually editing the associated CSS file using the swMenuPro Manual CSS Editor. The output HTML source also looks neater. Top menu items will also display correctly in non-JavaScript browsers when using any of the menu systems apart from the Tigma and Tree menus which are written purely as JavaScript.

Disadvantages: Menu will not validate as <style> tag is within the document body.

JavaScript Import External: This loads the style sheet by linking to an external CSS file via a JavaScript function. You need to have exported the menu module for this option to work. If you view the output HTML source from a page with a menu module published with this setting you will see a JavaScript function to load the style sheet in the page.

The JavaScript function written once within the page:

```
<script type="text/javascript">
<!--
function SWimportStyleSheet(shtName){
var link = document.createElement( 'link' );
```

```
link.setAttribute( 'href', shtName );
link.setAttribute( 'type', 'text/css' );
link.setAttribute( 'rel', 'stylesheet' );
var head = document.getElementsByTagName('head').item(0);
head.appendChild(link);
}
-->
</script>
```

The JavaScript function that loads each menu module with this CSS style load setting.

```
<script type='text/javascript'>
<!--
SWimportStyleSheet('http://yoursite.com/modules/mod_swmenupro/styles/menu#.css');
-->
</script>
```

Advantages: Menu module will completely validate. You can now also fine tune the menu or add new features by manually editing the associated CSS file using the swMenuPro Manual CSS Editor. The output HTML source also looks neater.

Disadvantages: Top menu items will not display correctly in non-JavaScript browsers when using any of the menu systems.

Do Not Load: This places no style sheet or link to an external style sheet. You need to manually add a link to your templates index.php file for this setting to work. Go to Site->Template Manager->Site Templates in the Joomla/Mambo admin. Select the template that will be displaying the menu module then click Edit HTML in the top right corner. Type a link to the external style sheet just before the </head> tag.

eg.

```
<link href="http://yoursite.com/modules/mod_swmenupro/styles/menu#.css" rel="stylesheet"
type="text/css" />
```

Replace yoursite.com with the URL for your site, and replace # with the module id of your menu module. You can locate this number in the CSS file name on the swMenuPro Manual CSS Editor page for your menu module.

Advantages: Menu module will completely validate. You can now fine tune the menu or add new features by manually editing the associated CSS file using the swMenuPro Manual CSS Editor. The output HTML source also looks neater. Top menu items will also display correctly in non-JavaScript browsers when using any of the menu systems apart from the Tigua and Tree menus which are written purely as JavaScript.

Disadvantages: None, but you need to apply the manual edit described above for it to work.

Module Class Suffix: Joomla/Mambo automatically adds a class that encompasses any module. By default this CSS class is called “moduletable”. This class can cause CSS conflicts with some of the menu systems in some templates. Adding a suffix will bypass any “moduletable” CSS that may already exist in the templates template_css.css file and may fix some conflicts. It also provides another way of adding additional CSS completely surrounding and specific for that menu module.

Menu Module Settings:

Show Module Name: Select whether the module name should be displayed above the menu module or not.

Published: Select whether the menu module is published or not. Only published menu modules are visible on your site.

Editor Hack: This is only for MyGosu menu which can have JavaScript conflicts with some of the front end editors available for Joomla/Mambo. When this feature is on, the menu module is disabled if the page is being edited or a new page is being added through the front end.

Sub Menu Indicator: This is only for the trans menu and if on it will place a right aligned image on submenu items that are parent items to other submenu items. This image can be changed by replacing these images below with your own. You can do this using the built in Image Manger.

Normal image.

/modules/mod_swmenupro/images/transmenu/submenu-on.gif

Mouse over image.

/modules/mod_swmenupro/images/transmenu/submenu-off.gif

Active Menu: When this feature is on the program will automatically trace back the Itemid of the current page being viewed until it reaches the top menu item. This then becomes the active top menu item and receives different styling to indicate where the user is in the menu tree. By default the active top menu item is given the same CSS as a top menu rollover item. With the Tree, CSS Horizontal Tab, Click, and Dynamic Tab menu systems, this feature will also keep the appropriate submenu open with the active submenu and top menu items in a highlighted state. CSS for active top and submenu items can also be directly edited with the swMenuPro Manual CSS Editor.

Maximum Levels: Set the maximum amount of levels of the menu you want the menu module to display.








eg.

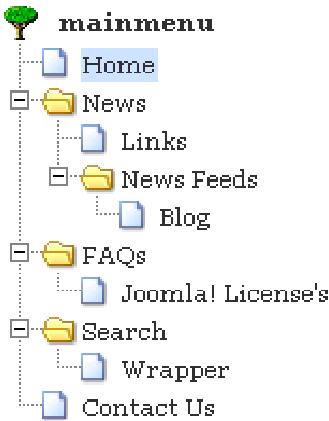



Maximum levels=0 displays all levels and is the default setting.

Maximum levels=1 would only display the top menu items and no submenus.

Maximum levels=2 would only display the top menu items and level 1 submenus.

Parent Level: This is an advanced feature which allows for the automatic creation of a different menu source depending upon the page being viewed. When a parent level is set, the program will automatically trace back the menu from the page being viewed until it reaches the parent level. It then displays this submenu as the top level menu and any child submenus as submenus. If a page being viewed is below the parent level then no menu is displayed. Essentially this feature changes the parent value automatically for a menu module. This feature is useful when you have a very large menu structure and it would be impractical to publish the full menu on every page.

Menu Module Settings	
Show Module Name:	 <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Published:	 <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Editor Hack:	 <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Active Menu:	 <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Maximum Levels:	 <input type="text" value="0"/>
Parent Level:	 <input type="text" value="0"/>
Sub Menu Indicator:	 <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

Example Menu Content	Menu Displayed (<i>dynamic level=1</i>)	Displayed on Pages
	No menu displayed	Home Contact us
		News Links News Feeds Blog
		FAQs Joomla! Licence's
		Search Wrapper

Menu's displayed when dynamic level=1 using the example menu content shown.

When using the parent level feature you need also need to set the maximum levels value to a number higher than your parent level value. Leaving it at 0 will not work.

Auto Menu Item Settings:

Auto Menu Item Settings	
Hybrid Menu:	 <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Use Tables/Blogs:	 <input type="text" value="Show as blogs"/>

This setting allows for the automatic creation of content menu items to be added as submenus to existing menu items.

When a menu is set up correctly with the hybrid feature, the menu will update itself as content is added without the need to manually add menu links to new content each time new content is added.

Hybrid Menu: When this feature is turned on the menu source will automatically append content items as menu items to the menu structure in the following way.

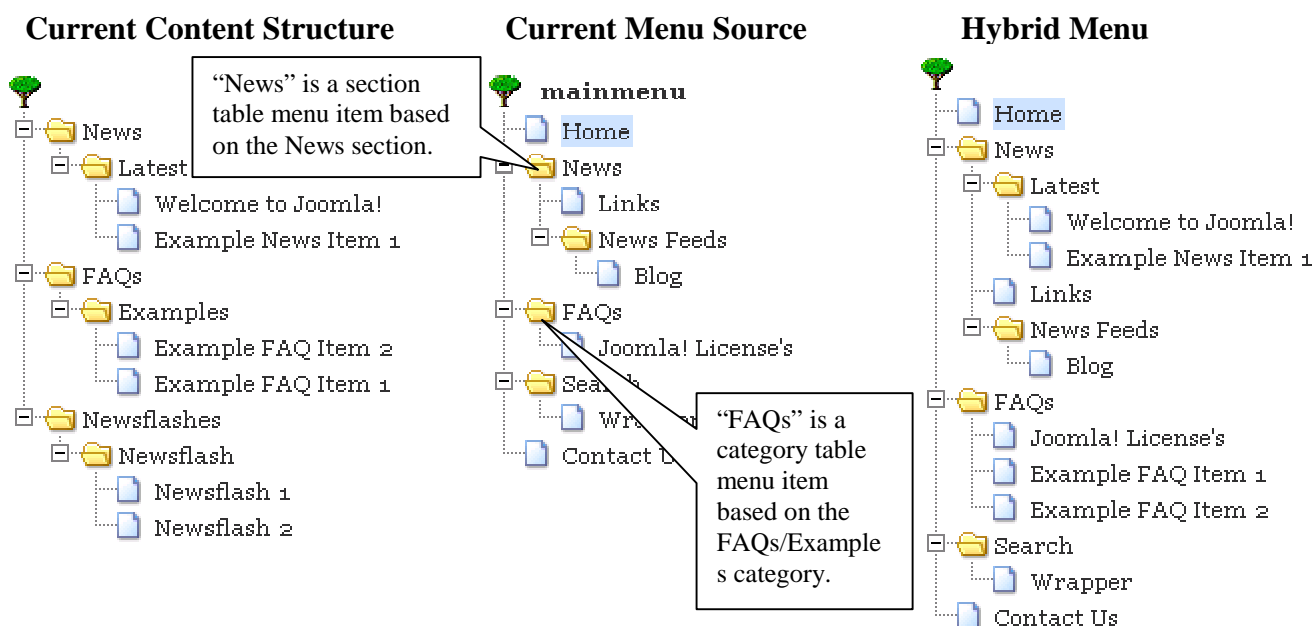
If an existing menu item type is a content section blog or content section table:

Relevant categories are appended as a submenu to that menu item. Relevant content items are then appended to each category menu item as more submenus. Making two levels of submenus that are appended to the original existing menu item.

If an existing menu item type is a content category blog or content category table:

Relevant content items are then appended to the category as a submenu. Making one level of submenu that is appended to the original existing menu item.

Tables/Blogs? Joomla/Mambo arranges content in sections which contain categories, which then contain the actual content articles/items. A page that is viewed as a blog shows the initial part of each content article related to that category or section on the page with a read more link for each article. A page that is viewed as a table shows each related articles title in a table format, the titles then link to the full content articles. You can choose here if any auto generated category menu items are shown as blogs or tables. This setting also applies to "content only menus".



In the example above the menu item "News" is a content section table based on the content section *News* and the menu item "FAQs" is a content category table based on the content category *FAQs/Examples*.

The Hybrid menu shows the result of merging the existing content with the existing menu source.

It is recommended that you use the cache feature if using the hybrid menu.

Cache Settings:

Cache Settings	
Cache Menu Items:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Cache refresh time:	1 hour

Gathering the menu items requires the program to query the MySQL server. In most cases this is just the one query and has no real effect on server load.

The "hybrid menu" feature and "content only menu source" features do use more queries to gather the menu items and construct the menu source. This can cause increased server load on busy sites or sites with lots of content. Using the cache feature greatly reduces server load for these menu sources by storing the menu items in a flat text file that can be directly read by the server without the need for any queries.




The cache refresh time sets the time interval between the menu items being updated by the database. This ensures that at the most, the menu source is only updated once from the database in that time interval.

If you are adding new content you will not see the changes in the menu items until the cache file refreshes. All previews in the admin area show what the menu will look like after the next cache refresh.

`/modules/mod_swmenupro/cache/`

folder needs to be writeable for this feature to fully work.

Position & Access:

Position & Access	
Module Position:	 left
Module Order:	 1:click
Access Level:	 Public Registered Special

Module positions are defined in the Joomla/Mambo template you are using.

Module Position: Each template uses different module positions in different spots on the page.

To view the module positions within the template go to *Site->Template Manager->Site Templates*. Select your template then click “Edit HTML”. This opens the index.php file for your template.

Your template file governs how your whole site will look and where the various modules can be published. A typical piece of code that loads a module position in the template looks like this.

```
<?php
if (mosCountModules( "left" )) {
mosLoadModules ( 'left',-1);
}??>
```

This loads whatever modules are publishes in the “left” module position if there are any modules published in the left module position on the page. You can create your own module positions in the template file then add these positions to Joomla/Mambo admin by going to *Site->Template Manager->Module Positions*. These new positions then become selectable when positioning modules.

Module Order: More than one module may be published in the one position. Module order lets you define the order modules will appear in any module position.

Access Level: Also set the access level here. Public modules will be visible to anyone visiting your site. Registered modules are only displays to registered members who are logged in. Special can be used for other purposes.

Show Menu Module on Pages:

Show Menu Module on Pages
(hold down ctrl key while left clicking mouse to select multiple pages.)
All
....
None
....
cats / Examples
cats / Examples/Example FAQ Item 2
cats / Examples/Example FAQ Item 1
cats / Newstflash
cats / Newstflash/Newstflash 1
cats / Newstflash/Newstflash 2
cats / Newstflash/Newstflash 3
cats / Latest
cats / Latest/Welcome to Joomla!
cats / Latest/Example News Item 1
cats / Latest/Example News Item 2
cats / Latest/Example News Item 3
cats / Latest/Example News Item 4
....
mainmenu / Home
mainmenu / News
mainmenu / News/Links
mainmenu / News/News Feeds
mainmenu / News/News Feeds/Blog
mainmenu / FAQs
mainmenu / FAQs/Joomla! License's

Select which pages you want the menu module to be displayed on.

Select All to have the menu display on all pages.

Select None to display on no pages(same as un publishing)

Select multiple pages by holding down the *ctrl* key while left clicking the mouse button on menu pages.

Menu Module Editor – Size Position & Offsets Page

swMenuPro Menu Module Editor (Tigra Menu)

Menu Module Settings | **Size, Position & Offsets** | Colors & Backgrounds | Fonts & Padding | Borders & Effects

Module Name:

Menu Position and Orientation | **Top Menu Offsets**

Top Menu - Position: px

Top Menu - Orientation: px

Menu Item Sizes

Top Menu Item Width: px

Top Menu Item Height: px

Sub Menu Item Width: px

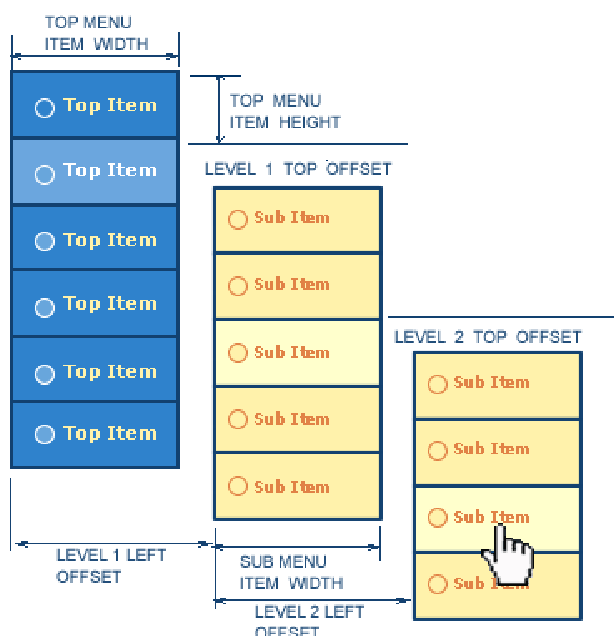
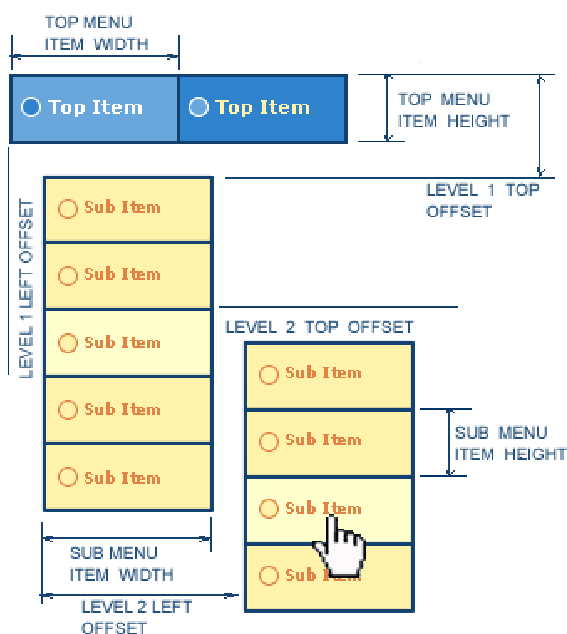
Sub Menu Item Height: px

Level 2 Sub Menu - Left Offset: px

Access the *Size, Position & Offsets* page by clicking on the second tab.

This page lets you define the positioning and offsets for your menu module. Settings are slightly different between menu modules and are explained in more detail below.

Tigra Menu:



Top Menu – Orientation: Horizontal

Top Menu – Orientation: Vertical

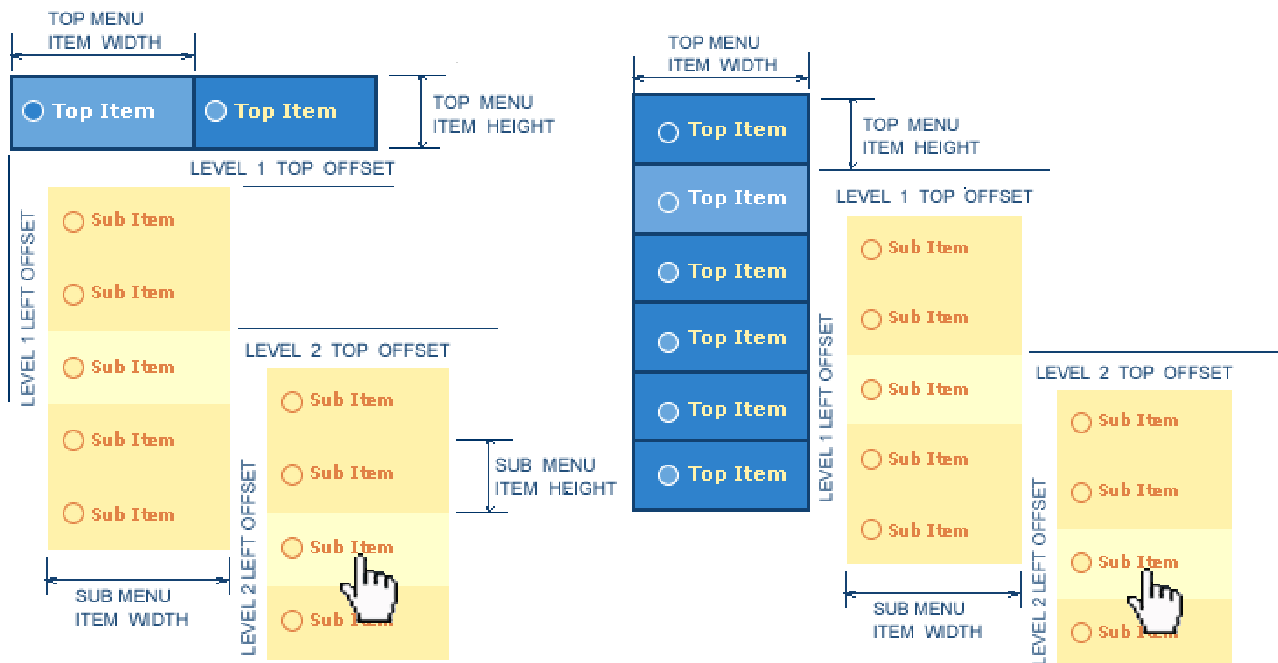
The Tigra menu system requires values for width and height to function correctly, it cannot auto resize menu items.

Menu may be positioned “relative” or “absolute”.

When the menu is positioned “relative” the *Top Menu – Top Offset* and *Top Menu – Left Offset* values move the entire menu from where the menu module is published within the template.

When positioned “absolute” the *Top Menu – Top Offset* and *Top Menu – Left Offset* values move the entire menu from the top left corner of the browser window.

Trans & MyGosu Menu:



Top Menu – Orientation: Horizontal

Top Menu – Orientation: Vertical

The Trans and MyGosu menu system does not require values for width and height to function correctly, it can auto resize menu items.

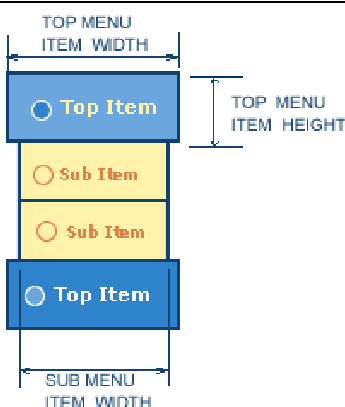
By letting menus auto resize then using padding to increase width or height you get a menu which looks and works the same in just about all browsers.

It is advisable though if using a horizontal menu to enter a value for the top menu item height. This fixes mouse over and submenu positioning issues in some browsers without affecting the look of the menu.

Menu may be positioned “left”, “right”, or “centre” of where the menu module is published.

Top Menu – Top Offset and *Top Menu – Left Offset* values move the entire menu relative to where the menu module is published within the template.

Click Menu:

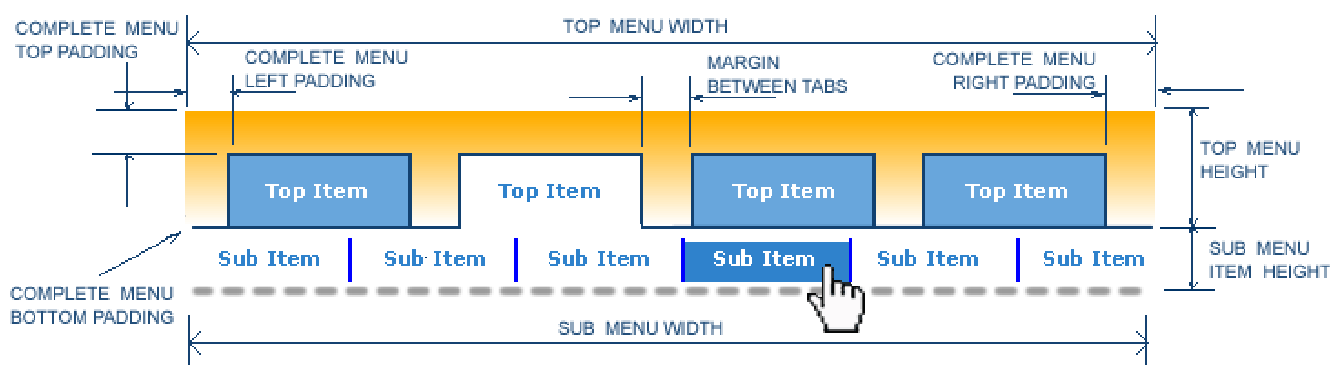


The Click menu system requires height and width values to function correctly.

It has limited positioning capabilities and can only be positioned relative to where the menu module is published.

You may be able to apply more positioning options by manually editing the external CSS file for the menu module using the *Manual CSS Editor*.

CSS Horizontal Tab & Dynamic Tab Menu:

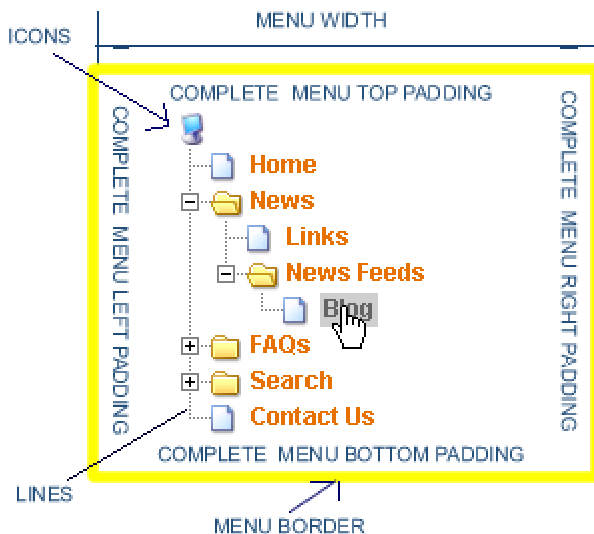


These menu systems can take a bit of time to get right. To achieve the tab effect the top menu items bottom line needs to be overlapping the divider line between the top menu items and sub menu items. This is achieved by adjusting the top menu height and complete menu padding values.

Menu may be positioned “left”, “right”, or “centre” of where the menu module is published.

As of the time of writing, the dynamic tab menu may handle borders unpredictably between browsers. It has been designed primarily to be used as an image menu using background or individual menu item images.

Tree Menu:



Tree menu has limited positioning capabilities and is positioned relative to where the menu module is published.

This page also includes some specific options just for the tree menu.

Folders are Links? Specify if clicking on a folder menu item (an item with a submenu) should load the new page or if the folder menu item should just open the submenu without loading a new page.

Use Lines? Specify if lines should be used in the menu display.

Use Icons? Specify if icons should be displayed by the menu.

Menu Width			
Menu Width: (set to '0' to auto resize)	170 px		
Other Settings			
Folders are Links?	No		
Use Lines?	Yes		
Use Icons?	Yes		
Complete Menu Padding			
Top	Right	Bottom	Left
2 px	2 px	2 px	2 px
Menu Border			
Menu Border Style:	solid		
Menu Border Width:	1 px		

Menu Module Editor – Colors & Backgrounds Page

The Colors & Backgrounds page is where you set the colors for all the different menu elements, including borders, fonts, and backgrounds. Background images are also supported. This page will look different depending upon the menu system being edited.

SWMenuPro Menu Module Editor (myGosu Menu)

Menu Module Settings | Size, Position & Offsets | **Colors & Backgrounds** | Fonts

Module Name: gosu

Background Images

Top Menu Background: [Color Box] GET

Top Menu Over Background: [Color Box] GET

Sub Menu Background: [Color Box] GET

Sub Menu Color: [Color Box] GET

Sub Menu Over Color: [Color Box] GET

Font Colors

Top Menu Over Font Color: [Color Box] #FFFF2AB get

Sub Menu Font Color: [Color Box] #8EFFF69 get

Sub Menu Over Font Color: [Color Box] #EDFFFF get

Top Menu Inside: [Color Box] #06613A get

Sub Menu Inside: [Color Box] #68A6DE get

Sub Menu Inside Border Color: [Color Box] #124170 get

Callouts:

- All color values need to have the # prefix and be in hexadecimal format.
- Access the Colors & Backgrounds page by clicking on the third tab.
- Click GET to open the image manager in a pop-up window and choose an image.
- Click get to select the color currently chosen on the Color Wheel Picker below.

You can select colors with the color wheel picker, or they can be manually edited. All colors should be a valid hexadecimal color with the # prefix for maximum browser compatibility.

Select colors on color wheel picker then click get next to color box to apply selected color.

In most cases an item can be made transparent by completely deleting the associated color value.

Clicking GET will open the image manager in a pop-up window to select or upload background images.

To remove a background image, open the image manager then click OK without selecting an image. This will remove the previously selected background image.

Click on a color to select it. Then click get to apply the color to the selected item.

Present Color: #FFFFFF

Selected Color: #FFFFFF

More details on colors and backgrounds for the various menu systems is discussed below.

Tigra Menu System Colors and Backgrounds:

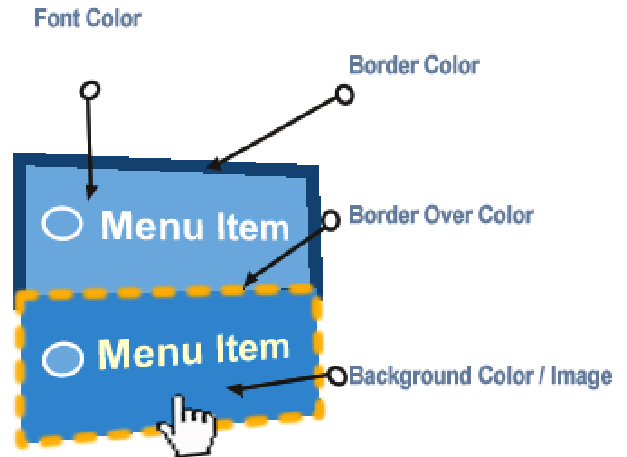
Select colors and images for:

font and font color over for Top Menu Items.
 font and font color over for Sub Menu Items.

background and background over for Top Menu Items.
 background and background over for Sub Menu Items
(can be left blank for transparent background).

background image and background image over for Top Menu Items.
 background image and background image over for Sub Menu Items
 .

border and border over for Top Menu Items
 border and border over for Sub Menu Items



All colors need to be valid hexadecimal colors with the # prefix.

Trans, MyGosu & Click Menu System Colors and Backgrounds:

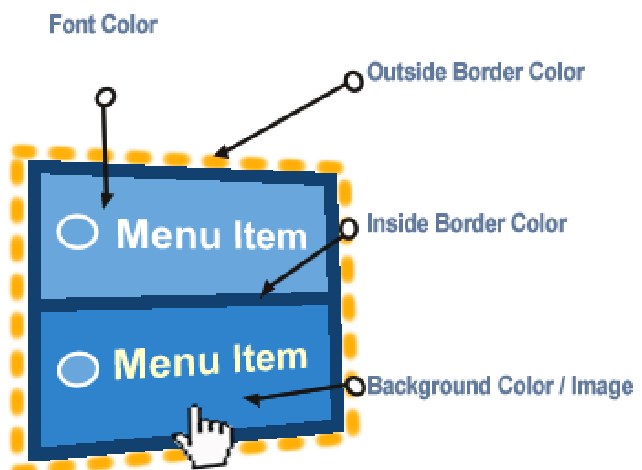
Select colors and images for:

font and font color over for Top Menu Items.
 font and font color over for Sub Menu Items.

background and background over for Top Menu Items.
 background and background over for Sub Menu Items
(can be left blank for transparent background).

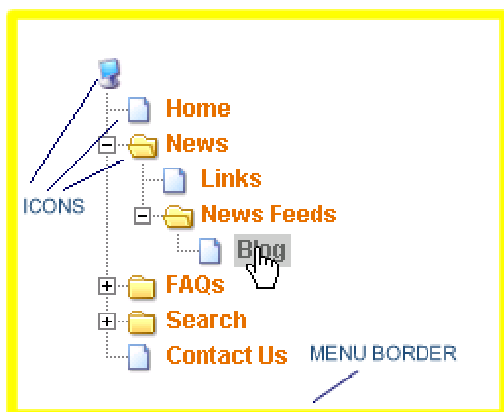
background image and background image over for Top Menu Items.
 background image and background image over for Sub Menu Items

inside and outside border for Top Menu Items
 inside and outside over for Sub Menu Items.
 Trans menu has submenu outside border only.



All colors need to be valid hexadecimal colors with the # prefix.

Tree Menu System Colors and Backgrounds:



Select colors and images for:

font and font color over.

Top Icon, Folder Icon, Folder Open Icon, Document Icon.(can be left blank for no Icon).

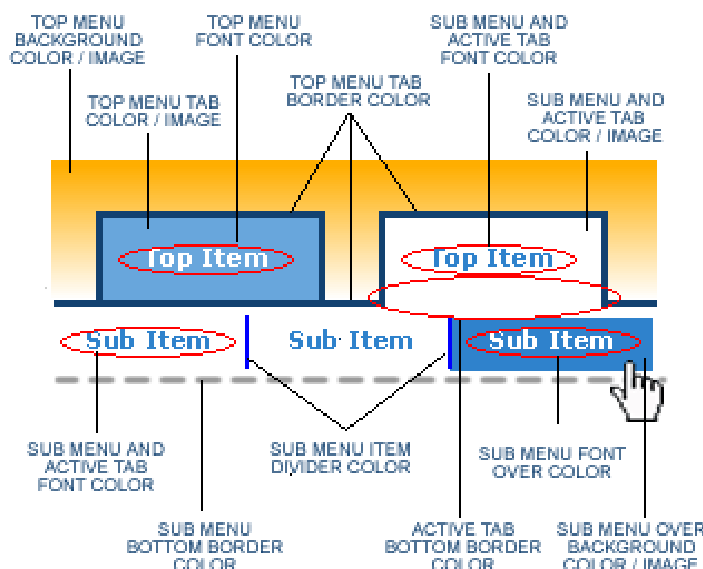
background image and background image over.

outside border

Menu Icons		
Top Icon:		GET
Folder Icon:		GET
Folder Open Icon:		GET
Document Icon:		GET

All colors need to be valid hexadecimal colors with the # prefix.

CSS Horizontal Tab and Dynamic Tab Menu Systems Colors and Backgrounds:



Select colors and images for:

font and font color over for Top Menu Items.
font and font color over for Sub Menu Items.

background and background over for Top Menu Items.

background and background over for Sub Menu Items (can be left blank for transparent background).

background image and background image over for Top Menu Items.

background image and background image over for Sub Menu Items

top menu border, active menu bottom border, sub menu bottom border, sub menu divider.

All colors need to be valid hexadecimal colors with the # prefix.

Menu Module Editor – Fonts & Padding Page

Get your text the right shape, size and position on this page. Use padding to move the menu text around within the menu element and set all font values. This page will look different depending upon the menu system being edited.

Menu Item Fonts:

'Times New Roman', Times, serif normal at 10px

Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Bold at 10px

Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Normal at 12px

Georgia, 'Times New Roman', Times, serif Normal at 12px

'Geneva, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Bold at 12px

'Times New Roman', Times, serif normal at 14px

Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Bold at 14px

Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Bold at 14px

Geneva, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif Normal at 14px

The program will currently let you select any of the following font groups, that are compatible with most browsers.

Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif

'Times New Roman', Times, serif

Georgia, 'Times New Roman', Times, serif

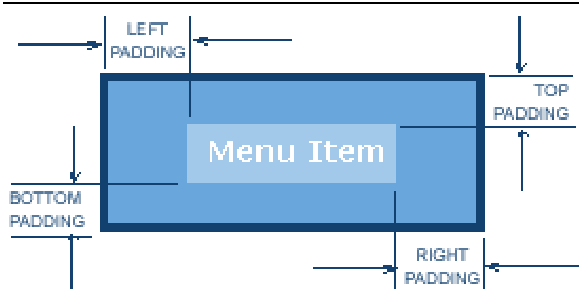
Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif

'Geneva, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif

You can also set the font size, weight and alignment for most menu systems.

To use different fonts, link the menu module to the exported CSS file and use the *Manual CSS Editor* to change font values in the CSS.

Menu Item Padding:



Use padding to move the menu item text around within the menu item.

This is useful for aligning text with background images. Also useful for adding width and height to auto resizing menu items.

Menu Module Editor – Borders & Effects Page

Set border styles and sizes on this page. To use no border set the border width to 0px or the border style to none. This page will look different depending upon the menu system being edited.

SWMenuPro Menu Module Editor (myGosu Menu)

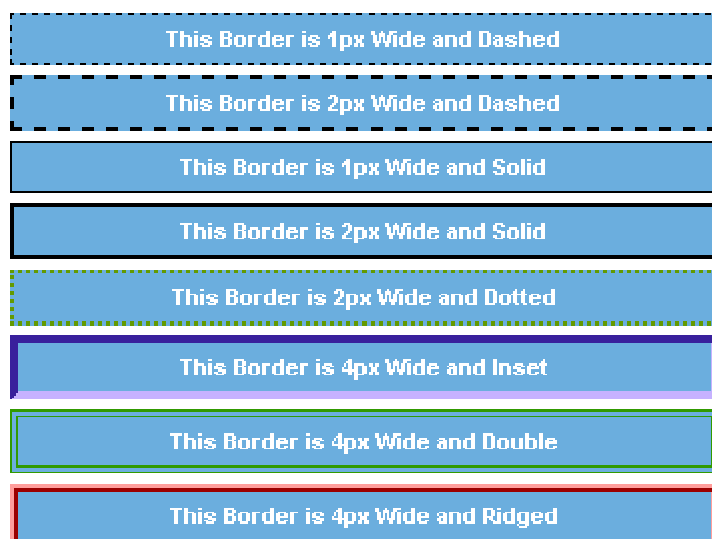
Menu Module Settings | Size, Position & Offsets | Colors & Backgrounds | Fonts & Padding | **Borders & Effects**

Module Name: save export new cancel

Border Widths			
Main Menu Outside Border Width:	<input type="text" value="0"/> px	Main Menu Outside Border Style:	<input type="text" value="solid"/>
Main Menu Inside Border Width:	<input type="text" value="1"/> px	Main Menu Inside Border Style:	<input type="text" value="solid"/>
Sub Menu Outside Border Width:	<input type="text" value="0"/> px	Sub Menu Outside Border Style:	<input type="text" value="solid"/>
Sub Menu Inside Border Width:	<input type="text" value="1"/> px	Sub Menu Inside Border Style:	<input type="text" value="solid"/>

Special Effects - Opacity		Special Effects - Delay	
Sub Menu Opacity:	<input type="text" value="85"/> %	Sub Menu Open/Close Delay:	<input type="text" value="50"/> ms

Menu Borders:



All browsers render the borders slightly different, so end result may not always be the same.

Set the style and width values on this page. To use no border set the style to “none” and the width to “0px”.

Diagram to the left is an actual screenshot of how firefox has rendered the borders described.

Change border colors on the *Colors & Backgrounds* page.

For even more control over borders, link the menu module to the exported CSS file and use the *Manual CSS Editor* to change border values in the CSS.

Special Effects:

The three pop-out menu systems, Tigra menu, MyGosu menu, and Trans menu, offer some special effects. These include:

Sub Menu Opacity: Set the transparency level for the submenus. Backgrounds will show through these menus giving a professional look.

Sub Menu Open/Close Delay: Set the time in milliseconds for displaying and hiding the submenus. With the Trans menu system this relates to the slide out time and slide back time for the submenu.

Menu Module Manager

Central to the management of menu modules is the swMenuPro Menu Module Manager. It is from here that all the different configuration screens for each menu module can be accessed.

Set the maximum amount of menu modules to display on this page.

Names of your menu modules. Clicking on the name has the same effect as clicking the *edit* button. Hovering over a name with the mouse pointer will open a small window displaying additional information about that menu module.

Page Navigation. Use to navigate through your swMenuPro menu modules when there are too many to list on the one page. Change the number of pages listed with the *display* drop down above.

edit

Click **edit** to open the swMenuPro Menu Module Editor. The menu Module editor is where you change all module settings and main styles for your menu module.

export

edit CSS

Click **edit CSS** to open the swMenuPro Manual CSS editor. The manual editor will allow you to fine tune the menu module or add custom CSS for individual menu items. If no external CSS file is present then an **export** button is displayed instead. Clicking the **export** button will cause an external CSS file to be created using the current saved database settings for that menu module.

images

Click **images** to open the swMenuPro Menu Image Editor. The image editor allows you to easily add normal and mouse over images for any menu item. The menu item name can also be turned off for purely graphical menus and menu items can be disabled if required but still activate pop-out submenus.

preview

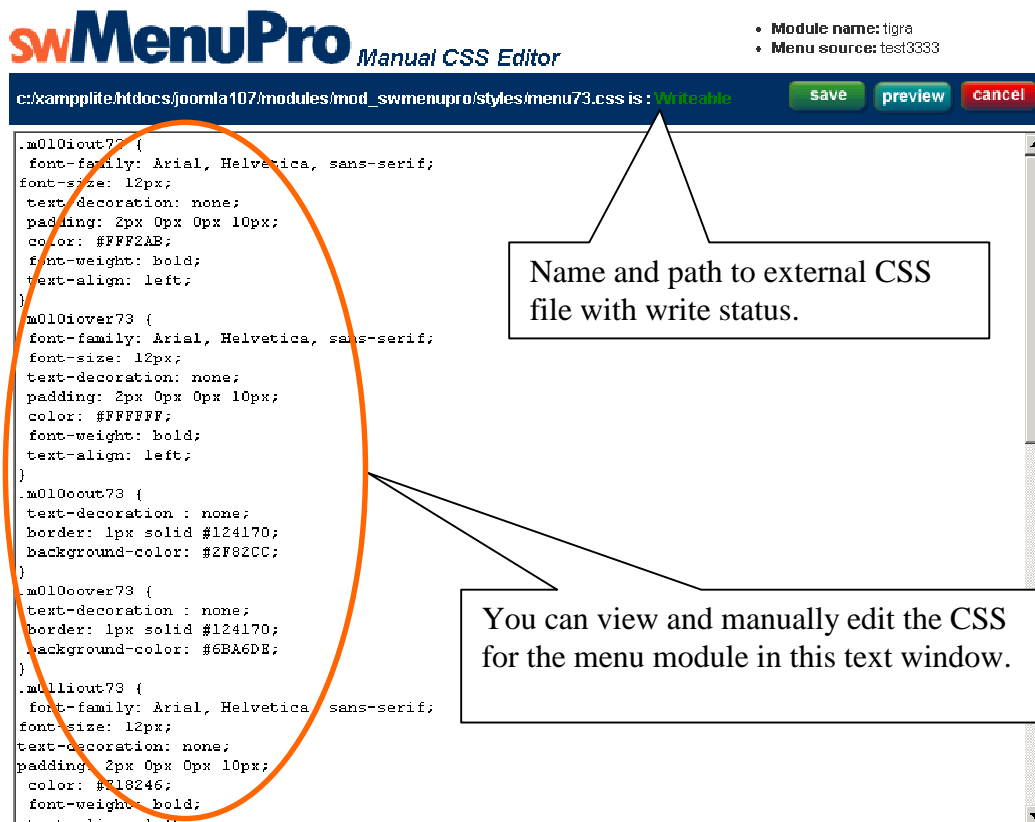
Click **preview** to open a popup window showing a live preview of the menu module using the current saved settings.

delete

Click **delete** to completely delete the menu module including any associated style sheets. Actual menu items **are not** deleted.

Manual CSS Editor

The manual CSS editor allows you to manually edit the CSS from a previously exported menu module. This page is accessed by clicking the “edit CSS” button for your menu module in the *Menu Module Manager*.

**save**

Click **save** to save changes to the external CSS file and return to the menu module manager screen.

preview

Click **preview** to open a popup window showing a live preview of the menu module using the current saved settings and the CSS from the text window.

cancel

Click **cancel** to close the manual CSS editor and return to the menu module manager screen without saving changes.

The menu module needs to have the CSS Load value set to “link external” or “Javascript Import External” for this external CSS file to be used by the menu module.

The menu module can also have a CSS load value of “do not link” in this case a link is then manually added between the <head></head> tags of the index.php file for the template. All menu modules will completely validate if you follow this process.

It is possible to change much more detail with the manual CSS editor. Use it to fix CSS conflicts, or to add additional style to your menu, or to style individual menu items. Instructions on extra CSS tricks and tips can be found in the swMenuPro CSS and script hacks forums on the <http://www.swonline.biz> website.

Menu Image Editor

The image editor allows you to edit individual normal and rollover images for any menu item as well as de-activating/activating the menu item name and link.



Menu Image Editor

- Module name: tigma
- Menu source: test3333

Auto Menu Item Configuration Utility save preview cancel

Step 1. Select Items Please Select.. Step 2. Select Attribute Please Select.. Image Preview Step 3. Press Apply apply

Individual Menu Item Configuration Max Levels 10 Display # 5

1	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: Latest Item Level: TOP Parent Item: Top Hybrid Item: No Item Type: content_category	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is Link <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Image Align: Left	Edit Image Edit Over Image
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: Welcome to Joomla! Item Level: Sublevel 1 Parent Item: Latest Hybrid Item: No Item Type: content_item_link	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Edit Image
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: Example News Item 1 Item Level: Sublevel 1 Parent Item: Latest Hybrid Item: No Item Type: content_item_link	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Edit Image Edit Over Image
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: Example News Item 2 Item Level: Sublevel 1 Parent Item: Latest Hybrid Item: No Item Type: content_item_link	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is Link <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Image Align: Left	Edit Image Edit Over Image
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: Example News Item 3 Item Level: Sublevel 1 Parent Item: Latest Hybrid Item: No Item Type: content_item_link	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Edit Image Edit Over Image

<< Start < Previous 1 2 3 4 Next > End >>

Results 1 - 5 of 19

Set the maximal levels and menu items to display on this page. Please note. changing these values will cause the page to refresh resulting in the loss of any unsaved changes.

Menu item info.

Page Navigation. Use to navigate through your menu items when there are too many to list on the one page. Please note. changing these values will cause the page to refresh resulting in the loss of any unsaved changes.

save

Click **save** to save changes to the external CSS file and return to the menu module manager screen.

preview

Click **preview** to open a popup window showing a live preview of the menu module using the current saved settings and the CSS from the text window.

cancel

Click **cancel** to close the manual CSS editor and return to the menu module manager screen.

Use the *Auto Menu Item Configuration Utility* to quickly apply images or properties to groups of menu items. Changes are only made to menu items shown on the page, so set the display number high to display all menu items before making and saving changes.

Turn off the menu item name to use the selected menu item images as the complete menu item.

This disables the "URL" of a menu item so it acts as a placeholder for submenus. Clicking on non-link menu items does not reload the page. Click menu works better when top menu items with submenus are set as "non-link" items.

2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Item Name: News	Show Name <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is Link <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Image Align: Left
		Item Level: TOP			
		Parent Item: Top			
		Hybrid Item: No			
		Item Type: content_section			
			Edit Image	Edit Over Image	

Click on "edit image" and "edit Over Image" to open the Image manager in a pop-up window. You can then select individual menu item images for normal and mouseover states.

Set the alignment of the image and mouse over image with the menu text.

Image Manager

The image manager allows you to manage your images for use as background and individual menu item images.

Insert Image

Image Manager

Directory: **/icons/**

Edit or delete images.

Individual menu item images also take into account width, height, hspace and vspace values as recorded here when writing the image tags for the menu item.

Image File: **/icons/answer_good.gif**

Alt: **answer_good.gif**

Upload:

Width: **23** Height: **23** V Space: H Space:

Align: **Baseline** Border:

☒ Constrain Proportions

Click Browse to locate a file on your local hard drive. Then Click upload to upload the file to the current open

Select an image from the centre preview window and then press OK to apply the image. To apply no image click OK without selecting an image first.

All images are stored in the

/modules/mod_swmenupro/images

folder. This folder needs to be writeable for the image delete, edit and upload facilities to function correctly.

You may also manually install images by uploading image files to this folder using FTP or another means.

Hspace, Vspace, Width, and Height is recorded for images chosen for individual menu items and can be used to properly align images with text.

To apply no image or to remove a previously selected image click OK without selecting an image first.

More Info

For up to date information on swMenuPro go to the <http://www.swonline.biz> website. Many menu solutions can be found in the forums.

For info on Joomla go to <http://www.joomla.org>

For info on Mambo go to <http://www.mamboserver.com>

For more information regarding the menu systems, visit the original authors websites.

Tigra Menu: http://www.softcomplex.com/products/tigra_menu/

Click and MyGosu Menu: <http://gosu.pl/dhtml/mygosumenu.html>

Trans Menu: <http://youngpup.net/projects/transMenus>

Tree Menu: <http://www.destroydrop.com/javascript/tree/>

Dynamic Tab: <http://www.dynamicdrive.com/>

Trouble Shooting

Installation Troubleshooting:

To install the component and module files the following folders need to be writeable.

*/modules/
/media/
/components/
/administrator/components/*

If they are not then you will get a failed install error. Use FTP, SSH or some other way to CHMOD those folders to 777.

Sometimes an installation may become corrupt and not uninstall or install correctly and there will be files already created that cause the installation to fail. If you get a “*file exists*” error during installation then you may have to manually delete some folders to re-install.

For the component, use FTP, SSH or some other means to completely delete the

*/components/com_swmenupro/
/administrator/components/com_swmenupro/*

Folders then try the component installation again.

For the module, use FTP, SSH or some other means to completely delete the

/modules/mod_swmenupro/

folder and the

*/modules/mod_swmenupro.php
/modules/mod_swmenupro.xml*

Files then try the module installation again.

If you still cannot install then you can use the **manual install method** to install the component and module files.

1. Unzip the *com_swmenupro4.#.zip* file to its own folder. Eg. *com_swmenupro4.#*
2. Upload the entire folder to the */administrator/components/* folder
3. Go to *installers->components* in the Joomla/Mambo admin
4. Type the name of the path to the folder you just uploaded
eg. */home/httpd/www/administrator/com_swmenupro/com_swmenupro4.#* into the *install directory* box then press install.

The program will now be manually copied into the correct folders and the appropriate database entries added to the database to make the component accessible from the Joomla/Mambo admin. Repeat the steps above with the module file and module installer to manually install the module.

APPENDIX

Tigra Menu Default CSS File:

```
.m0l0iout90 {
font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important;
font-size: 12px !important;
text-decoration: none !important;
padding: 2px 0px 0px 10px !important;
color: #FFF2AB !important;
font-weight: bold !important;
text-align: left !important;
}
.m0l0iover90 {
font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important;
font-size: 12px !important;
text-decoration: none !important;
padding: 2px 0px 0px 10px !important;
color: #FFFFFF !important;
font-weight: bold !important;
text-align: left !important;
}
.m0l0oout90 {
text-decoration : none !important;
border: 1px solid #124170 !important;
background-color: #2F82CC !important;
}
.m0l0oover90 {
text-decoration : none !important;
border: 1px solid #124170 !important;
background-color: #6BA6DE !important;
}
.m0l1iout90 {
font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important;
font-size: 12px !important;
text-decoration: none !important;
padding: 2px 0px 0px 10px !important;
color: #E18246 !important;
font-weight: bold !important;
text-align: left !important;
}
.m0l1iover90 {
font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important;
font-size: 12px !important;
text-decoration: none !important;
padding: 2px 0px 0px 10px !important;
color: #FF9900 !important;
font-weight: bold !important;
text-align: left !important;
}
```

```
.m0l1oout90 {
text-decoration : none !important;
border: 1px solid #124170 !important;
background-color: #FFF2AB !important;
-moz-opacity:0.85;
filter:alpha(opacity=85)
}
.m0l1oover90 {
text-decoration : none !important;
border: 1px solid #124170 !important;
background-color: #FFFFCC !important;
}
#swactive_menu90 a,
#swactive_menu90 div{
color: #FFFFFF !important;
font-weight: bold !important;
text-decoration : none !important;
background-color: #6BA6DE !important;
}
.m0l0oout90 img.seq1,
.m0l1oout90 img.seq1
{
display: inline;
}
.m0l1oover90Hover seq2,
.m0l1oover90Active seq2,
.m0l0oover90Hover seq2,
.m0l0oover90Active seq2
{
display: inline;
}
.m0l0oout90 .seq2,
.m0l0oout90 .seq1,
.m0l0oover90 .seq1,
.m0l1oout90 .seq2,
.m0l1oout90 .seq1,
.m0l1oover90 .seq1
{
display: none;
}
```

Click Menu Default CSS File:

<pre> .click-menu92 { width: 130px; border: 1px solid #2F82CC !important; } .click-menu92 .box1 { border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #2F82CC !important; } .click-menu92 .box1-hover{ color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 .inbox1, .click-menu92 .inbox1:visited , .click-menu92 .inbox1:active , .click-menu92 .inbox1:link { padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px !important; width:130px ; height:25px ; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: center !important; font-weight: bold !important; color: #FFF2AB !important; text-decoration: none !important; margin-bottom:0px !important; display:block ; white-space:nowrap ; } .click-menu92 .inbox1: hover { color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; } .click-menu92 .box1-open { color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 .box1-open-hover { color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 .section { border: 1px solid #FFF2AB !important; display: none; filter: alpha(opacity=85) } .click-menu92 .section a { width: 130px; background-color: #FFF2AB !important; color: #E18246 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: center !important; padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; color: #E18246 !important; text-decoration: none !important; } </pre>	<pre> .click-menu92 .section a: hover { background-color: #FFFFCC !important; color: #FF9900 !important; text-decoration: none !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 .inbox2, .click-menu92 .inbox2:visited , .click-menu92 .inbox2:active { color: #E18246 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: center !important; display:block; } .click-menu92#click-sub-active92 , .click-menu92 .inbox2: hover { color: #FF9900 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; } .click-menu92 .box2 { background-color: #FFF2AB !important; color: #E18246 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: center !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 #click-sub-active92 , .click-menu92 .box2: hover { background-color: #FFFFCC !important; color: #FF9900 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: center !important; border: 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .click-menu92 .box1 .seq1, .click-menu92 .box2 .seq1 { display: block; } .click-menu92 .box1: hover .seq2, .click-menu92 .box1: active .seq2, .click-menu92 .box2: hover .seq2, .click-menu92 .box2: active .seq2 { display: block; } .click-menu92 .box1: hover .seq1, .click-menu92 .box1: open .seq1, .click-menu92 .box1: open: hover .seq1, .click-menu92 .box1 .seq2, .click-menu92 .box2: hover .seq1, .click-menu92 .box2 .seq2 { display: none; } </pre>
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Trans Menu Default CSS File:

<pre> .transMenu94 { position:absolute !important; overflow:hidden; left:-1000px; top:-1000px; } .transMenu94 .content { position:absolute !important; } .transMenu94 .items { border: 0px solid #FFFFFF !important; position:relative !important; left:0px; top:0px; z-index:2; } .transMenu94.top .items { } .transMenu94 td { padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: left !important; font-weight: bold !important; color: #E18246 !important; } .transMenu94 .item.hover td { color: #FF9900 !important; } .transMenu94 .item { text-decoration: none !important; cursor:pointer; cursor:hand; } .transMenu94 .background { background-color: #FFF2AB !important; position:absolute !important; left:0px; top:0px; z-index:1; -moz-opacity:0.85; filter:alpha(opacity=85) } .transMenu94 .shadowRight { position:absolute !important; z-index:3; top:3px; width:2px; -moz-opacity:0.85; filter:alpha(opacity=85) } .transMenu94 .shadowBottom { position:absolute !important; z-index:1; left:3px; height:2px; -moz-opacity:0.85; filter:alpha(opacity=85) } .transMenu94 .item.hover { background-color: #FFFFCC !important; } .transMenu94 .item img { margin-left:10px !important; } </pre>	<pre> table.menu94 { top: 0px; left: 0px; position:relative !important; margin:0px !important; border: 0px solid #FFFFFF !important; } table.menu94 a{ margin:0px !important; padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px !important; display:block; position:relative !important; } div.menu94 a, div.menu94 a:visited, div.menu94 a:link { font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: left !important; font-weight: bold !important; color: #FFF2AB !important; text-decoration: none !important; margin-bottom:0px !important; display:block; white-space:nowrap !important; } div.menu94 td { border-right: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-top: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-left: 1px solid #124170 !important; background-color: #2F82CC !important; } div.menu94 td.last94 { border-bottom: 1px solid #124170 !important; } #trans-active94 a{ color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; } #menu94 a.hover { color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; } #menu94 span { display:none; } #menu94 a img.seq1, .transMenu94 img.seq1, { display: inline; } #menu94 a.hover img.seq2, .transMenu94 .item.hover img.seq2 { display: inline; } #menu94 a.hover img.seq1, #menu94 a img.seq2, .transMenu94 img.seq2, .transMenu94 .item.hover img.seq1 { display: none; } </pre>
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CSS Horizontal Tab Menu Default CSS File:

<pre>#tabtop295 { padding:0 !important; background :#FFFFFF !important; width: 100%; } #menu95 { margin: 0 !important; padding: 0 !important; padding-top : 5px !important; padding-left : 5px !important; padding-right : 5px !important; padding-bottom : 0px !important; border-bottom : 1px solid #CCC !important; } #menu95 ul, #menu95 li { display : inline; list-style-type : none !important; margin : 0 !important; padding: 0 !important; } #menu95 a:link, #menu95 a:visited { background :#E8EBF0 !important; border : 1px solid #CCC !important; color: #666 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; white-space:nowrap; line-height : 19px !important; margin-right : 8px !important; padding : 2px 10px 2px 10px !important; text-decoration : none; } #menu95 a:link.active, #menu95 a:visited.active { color : #000000 !important; } #menu95 a:hover { color : #000000 !important; } #menu95 li#here95 a { background-color: #FFFFFF !important; border-bottom : 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; color : #666 !important; } #menu95 img.seq1, #submenu95 img.seq1 { display: inline; } #menu95 img.seq2, #menu95 a:hover img.seq1, #submenu95 img.seq2, #submenu95 a:hover img.seq1, #menu95 li#here95 a img.seq1 { display: none; }</pre>	<pre>#menu95 a:hover img.seq2, #submenu95 a:hover img.seq2, #menu95 li#here95 a img.seq2 { display: inline; } #tabsub295 { padding:2px 5px 2px 5px !important; clear:both; border-bottom : 1px dashed #CCC !important; background-color: #FFFFFF !important; } #submenu95 { clear:both; margin-top :0px !important; } ul#submenu95 { display : inline; padding :0 !important; clear:both; } ul#submenu95 li { display : inline; padding :0 !important; list-style-type : none !important; } ul#submenu95 a { color: #666 !important; font-weight: normal !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; line-height : 20px !important; margin-right : 5px !important; padding : 2px 5px 2px 5px !important; text-decoration : none !important; border : none !important; border-left : 1px solid #CCC !important; white-space:nowrap; } ul#submenu95 a:hover, #css-tab-sub-active95 { background : #E8EBF0 !important; color : #000000 !important; } ul#submenu95 #last95 a { border-right : 1px solid #CCC !important; } #menu95 ul a:hover , #css-tab-sub-active95 { color : #000000 !important; }</pre>
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Dynamic Tab Menu Default CSS File:

<pre> #tabtop296 { padding:0 !important; background :#FFFFFF !important; width: 100%; padding-top : 5px !important; padding-left : 5px !important; padding-right : 5px !important; padding-bottom : 0px !important; border-bottom : 1px solid #CCC !important; } #menu96 { margin: 0 !important; padding: 0 !important; } #menu96 table, #menu96 td { height : 19px; margin : 0 !important; padding: 0 !important; } #menu96 a:link, #menu96 a:visited { background :#E8EBF0 !important; border : 1px solid #CCC !important; color: #666 !important; font-weight: bold !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; white-space:nowrap !important; margin-right : 8px !important; padding : 2px 10px 2px 10px !important; text-decoration : none; } #menu96 a:hover { color : #000000 !important; } #menu96 td a:here { background-color: #FFFFFF !important; border-bottom : 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; color : #000000 !important; } #menu96 td#dyn-tab-top-active96 a{ background-color: #FFFFFF !important; border-bottom : 1px solid #FFFFFF !important; color : #000000 !important; } #menu96 img.seq1, .submenu96 img.seq1 { display: inline; } #menu96 img.seq2, #menu96 a:hover img.seq1, .submenu96 img.seq2, .submenu96 a:hover img.seq1, #menu96 td#dyn-tab-top-active96 a img.seq1 { display: none; } </pre>	<pre> #menu96 a:hover img.seq2, .submenu96 a:hover img.seq2, #menu96 td#dyn-tab-top-active96 a img.seq2 { display: inline; } #tabsub296 { padding:2px 5px 2px 5px !important; clear:both; border-bottom : 1px dashed #CCC !important; background-color: #FFFFFF !important; height:20px; } .submenu96 { clear:both; margin-top :0px !important; } table.submenu96 { padding :0 !important; clear:both; } table.submenu96 td { display : inline; background-image: none; padding :0 !important; } table.submenu96 a { color: #666 !important; font-weight: normal !important; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; height : 20px; margin-right : 5px !important; padding : 2px 5px 2px 5px !important; text-decoration : none; border : none !important; border-left : 1px solid #CCC !important; white-space:nowrap; } table.submenu96 a:hover, #dyn-tab-sub-active96 a{ background : #E8EBF0 !important; color : #000000 !important; } table.submenu96 .last96 a { border-right : 1px solid #CCC !important; } #menu96 table a:hover { color : #000000 !important; } .swtabcontent96 { height:20px; width:100%; display:none; } </pre>
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Tree Menu Default CSS File:

<pre>.dtree93 { width:170px; border: 1px solid #124170 !important; background-color: #FFFFFF !important; margin: 0 !important; padding: 2px 2px 2px 2px !important; } .dtree93 img { border: 0px !important; vertical-align: middle !important; } .dtree93 a { font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; font-size: 12px !important; text-decoration: none !important; font-weight: bold !important; color: #E17200 !important; text-decoration: none !important; }</pre>	<pre>.dtree93 a.node, .dtree93 a.nodeSel { white-space: nowrap; padding: 2px 2px 2px 2px !important; } .dtree93 a.node:hover, .dtree93 a.nodeSel:hover { color: #666 !important; font-weight: bold !important; background-color: #CCC !important; } .dtree93 a.nodeSel { background-color: #CCC !important; } .dtree93 .clip { overflow: hidden; }</pre>
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Mygosu Menu Default CSS File:

<pre>.ddmx91{ border:0px solid #FFFFFF !important; } .ddmx91 a.item1, .ddmx91 a.item1:hover, .ddmx91 a.item1-active, .ddmx91 a.item1-active:hover { padding: 5px 5px 5px 5px !important; top: 0px ; left: 0px; font-size: 12px !important; font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif !important; text-align: left !important; font-weight: bold !important; color: #FFF2AB !important; text-decoration: none !important; display: block; white-space: nowrap; position: relative; background-color: #2F82CC !important; } .ddmx91 td.item11 { padding:0 !important; border-top: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-left: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-right: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-bottom: 0 !important; white-space: nowrap !important; } .ddmx91 td.item11-last { padding:0 !important; border: 1px solid #124170 !important; white-space: nowrap; }</pre>	<pre>.ddmx91 a.item2 { background-color: #FFF2AB !important; color: #E18246 !important; border-top: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-left: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-right: 1px solid #124170 !important; } .ddmx91 a.item2-last { background-color: #FFF2AB !important; color: #E18246 !important; border-bottom: 1px solid #124170 !important; z-index:500; } .ddmx91 a.item2:hover, .ddmx91 a.item2-active, .ddmx91 a.item2-active:hover { background-color: #FFFFCC !important; color: #FF9900 !important; border-top: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-left: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-right: 1px solid #124170 !important; } .ddmx91 .section { border: 0px solid #FFFFFF !important; position: absolute; visibility: hidden; display: block; z-index: -1; } .ddmx91frame { border: 0px solid #FFFFFF !important; }</pre>
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<pre> .ddmx91 td.item11-acton { padding:0 !important; border-top: 1px solid #124170 !important; border-left: 1px solid #124170 !important; white-space: nowrap; border-right: 1px solid #124170 !important; } .ddmx91 td.item11-acton-last { border: 1px solid #124170 !important; } .ddmx91 .item11-acton-last a.item1, .ddmx91 .item11-acton a.item1, .ddmx91 .item11-acton-last a: hover, .ddmx91 .item11-acton a: hover, .ddmx91 .item11 a: hover, .ddmx91 .item11-last a: hover, .ddmx91 a.item1-active, .ddmx91 a.item1-active: hover { color: #FFFFFF !important; background-color: #6BA6DE !important; } </pre>	<pre> .ddmx91 .item11-acton .item1 img.seq2, .ddmx91 img.seq1 { display: inline; } .ddmx91 a.item1: hover img.seq2, .ddmx91 a.item1-active img.seq2, .ddmx91 a.item1-active: hover img.seq2, .ddmx91 a.item2: hover img.seq2, .ddmx91 a.item2-active img.seq2, .ddmx91 a.item2-active: hover img.seq2 { display: inline; } .ddmx91 img.seq2, .ddmx91 .item11-acton .item1 img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item2: hover img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item2-active img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item2-active: hover img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item1: hover img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item1-active img.seq1, .ddmx91 a.item1-active: hover img.seq1 { display: none; } * html .ddmx91 td { position: relative; } /* ie 5.0 fix */ </pre>
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